

Lesson 8 Thermistor

Introduction

A thermistor is a type of resistor whose resistance varies significantly with temperature.

Components

- 1 * Arduino Uno board
- 1 * USB data cable
- 1 * Breadboard
- 1 * Thermistor
- Several jumper wires
- 1 * Potentiometer (50KΩ)
- 1 * Resister (10KΩ)
- 1 * LCD1602

Experimental Principle

The resistance of the thermistor varies significantly with ambient temperature. It can detect surrounding temperature changes in real time. Send the temperature data to analog I/O port of Arduino Uno board. Next we only need to convert sensor output to Celsius temperature by simple programming and display it on the LCD1602.

Experimental Procedures

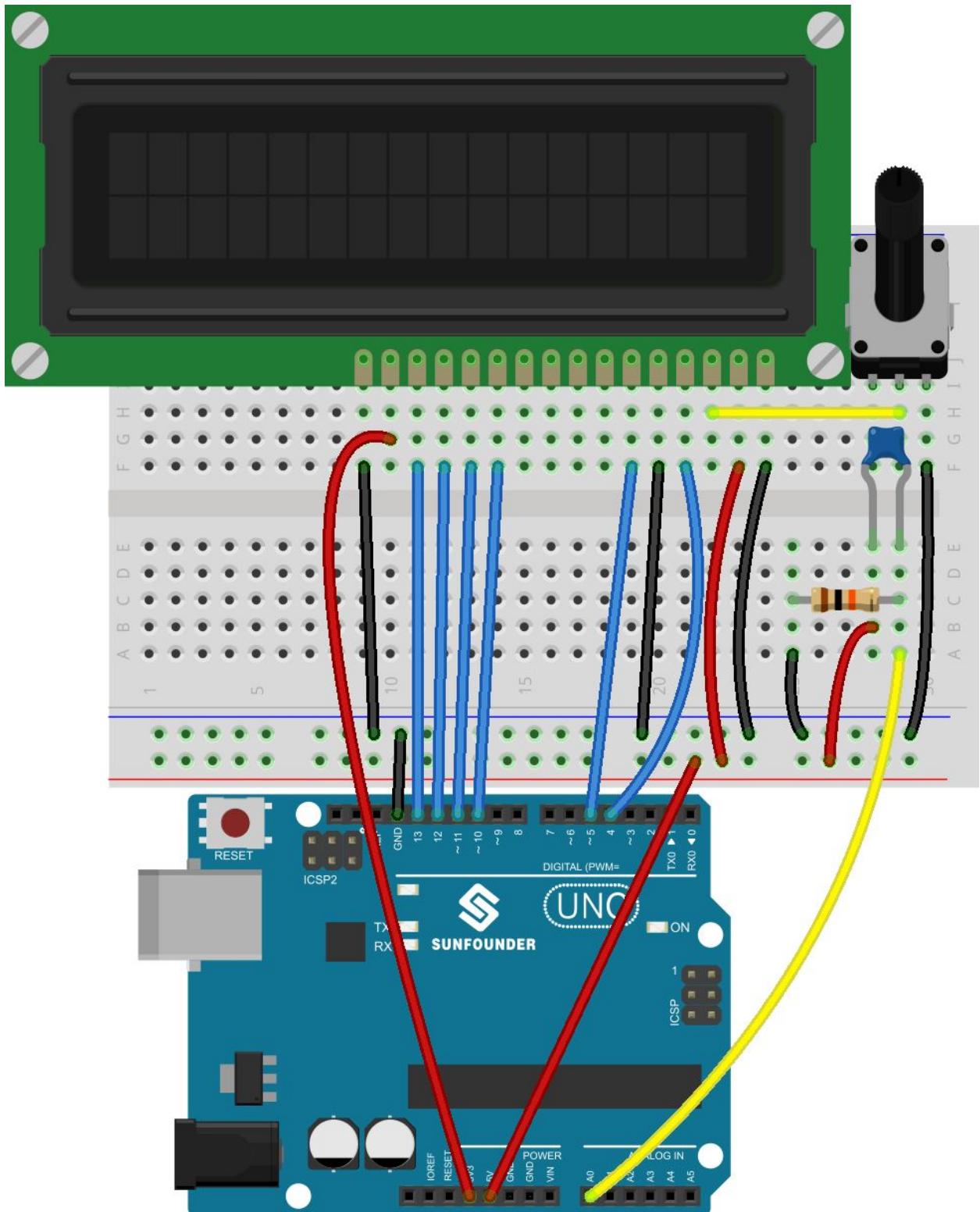
Step 1: Build the circuit

Step 2: Program

Step 3: Compile the code

Step 4: Upload the sketch to the Arduino Uno board

Now, you can see current temperature displayed on LCD1602 both in Celcius and Fahrenheit degrees.



fritzing

CODE

```
// include the library code:  
#include <LiquidCrystal.h>  
// initialize the library with the numbers of the interface pins  
LiquidCrystal lcd(4, 5, 10, 11, 12, 13);  
#define analogPin A0 //the thermistor attach to  
#define beta 4090 //the beta of the thermistor  
#define resistance 10 //the value of the pull-up resistor  
void setup()  
{  
// set up the LCD's number of columns and rows:  
lcd.begin(16, 2);  
lcd.clear();  
}  
void loop()  
{  
//read thermistor value  
long a =analogRead(analogPin);  
//the calculating formula of temperature  
float tempC = beta / (log((1025.0 * 10 / a - 10) / 10) + beta / 298.0)  
- 273.0;  
float tempF = 1.8*tempC + 32.0;  
lcd.setCursor(0, 0); // set the cursor to column 0, line 0  
lcd.print("Temp: ");// Print a message of "Temp: "to the LCD.  
// Print a centigrade temperature to the LCD.  
lcd.print(tempC);  
// Print the unit of the centigrade temperature to the LCD.  
lcd.print(char(223));//print the unit" °C "  
lcd.print("C");  
// (note: line 1 is the second row, since counting begins with 0):  
lcd.setCursor(0, 1); // set the cursor to column 0, line 1  
lcd.print("Fahr: ");  
lcd.print(tempF);// Print a Fahrenheit temperature to the LCD.  
lcd.print(" F"); // Print the unit of the Fahrenheit temperature to  
the LCD.  
delay(200); //wait for 100 milliseconds  
}
```